Policy of zero tolerance towards terrorism

1456. SHRI KUMAR DEEPAK DAS: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the policy of zero tolerance toward terrorism;

(b) whether it is a fact that there are some insurgency groups which are in cease-fire in Assam and North Eastern Region;

(c) the details of Government policy in this regard;

(d) whether Government proposes to take initiative to start the peace process with ULFA, NDFD etc.; and

(e) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI MULLAPPALLY RAMACHANDRAN): (a) The Government is strongly against all use of any means of violence by any organization/outfit in the country. The Government is supplementing the efforts of the State Government in undertaking sustained counter insurgency operations against elements who indulge in violence and anti-national activities. At the same time, Government has always been willing to talk to any outfit provided it is willing to abjure violence, willing to lay down arms and comes forward for talks within the framework of the Indian Constitution.

(b) and (c) The Government has entered into Ceasefire arrangements in Nagaland with National Socialist Council of Nagaland (Isac/Muivah) [NSCN/IM] and National Socialist Council of Nagaland (Khaplang) [NSCN/K]. Dialogue with NSCN(IM) on their charter of demands is continuing at the level of Group of Ministers (GoM). NSCN(K) has not submitted their charter of demands. Among other North Eastern States, the Government has entered into Suspension of operations (SoO) arrangement with United People's Democratic Solidarity (UPDS), Dima Halam Daogah (DHD) and pro-talk faction of National Democratic Front of Boroland (NDFB) in Assam; Kuki National Organization and United People's Front and its constituents in Manipur; and Achik National Volunteer Council (ANVC) in Meghalaya. DHD (J), a banned outfit, has recently laid down its arms prior to talks with that group. The Government has appointed a Representative to negotiate with UPDS, DHD, & DHD(J), NDFB (pro-talk faction) and ANVC.

(d) and (e) ULFA and NDFB (anti-talk faction) have not yet come forward for talks. However, two Coys of 28 Battalion of ULFA have declared unilateral ceasefire and have given their charter of demands to the State Government.

Rehabilitation of flood affected people in Assam

1457. SHRI KUMAR DEEPAK DAS: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government has any plan for the rehabilitation of the flood affected people, those who are living on the road side, or on the embankment since a long period in Assam;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) how many flood affected people in Assam are rehabilitated, provided Indira Awas Yojana (IAY) house, land etc. during the last five years;

(d) the details of loss due to floods during last five years in Assam; and

(e) the total expenditure due to floods during last five years in Assam?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI MULLAPPALLY RAMACHANDRAN): (a) to (e) The rehabilitation of people who are rendered homeless due to floods etc. is required to be undertaken by the concerned State Government from its own resources/ Plan funds.

As per the Scheme of financing the assistance for relief expenditure, the State Governments concerned are primarily responsible for undertaking necessary relief measures in the wake of notified natural disasters which include flood. Distribution of relief on ground is the responsibility of the State Government concerned. The Government of India supplements the efforts of the State Governments by providing logistic and financial support, where necessary.

Financial assistance, under the present Schemes of Calamity Relief Fund (CRF)/ National Calamity Contingency Fund (NCCF) in the wake of natural calamities, is provided towards immediate relief. Objective of these relief Schemes is to reduce the level of suffering of the affected people by providing gratuitous assistance as an immediate help.

Details of allocation and release of Central share of Calamity Relief Fund (CRF) and additional funds released from National Calamity Contingency Fund (NCCF), are as under:-

(Rs. in crore)

Year	Allocation under CRF	Central share	Center's share of CRF released	Released from NCCF
2005-06	193.06	144.79	144.79	0.00
2006-07	198.62	148.97	148.97	0.00
2007-08	204.48	153.36	153.36	0.00
2008-09	210.63	157.97	157.97	300.00*
2009-10 (till date)	217.07	162.80	81.40	0.00
TOTAL	1023.86	767.89	686.49	300.0*

* Released an 'on account' basis from NCCF.

As per information received from the State Government, detailed of loss due to floods/ flash floods/ landslides etc. during the years 2005-06 to 2009-10, are as under:-

(Provisional as on November 2009)

Year	No. of human lives lost	No. of cattle heads lost	No. of houses damaged	Cropped area affected (lakh hectares)
2005-06	27	-	735	0.33
2006-07	7	20	2367	0.11
2007-08	142	1660	414444	6.75
2008-09	40	8004	91367	3.14
2009-10 (till date)	8	12	240	0.298

There is no provision for rehabilitating, providing Indira Awas Yojana (IAY) houses, land etc in the existing Schemes of CRF and NCCF in areas affected by natural calamities, including floods. However, the assistance from CRF/ NCCF is provided as per approved items and norms, which *inter alia* include assistance for damage to houses, damage to crops, gratuitous relief, medical aid, provision for utensils/ clothing, loss of animals, assistance for feed & fodder to animals and ex-gratia payment to families of deceased persons.

Maoists killings

1458. SHRI MOINUL HASSAN: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) in view of increasing Maoists killings of police personnel, innocent people, blasting railway stations, uprooting railway tracks, destroying roads and communications, what prevented Government from taking combing operations in all Maoists affected States simultaneously;

(b) the sources of Maoists' sophisticated arms, ammunition, mines and what steps have been taken to cut-off those sources;

(c) how many of them have been arrested so far;

(d) the total number of people the Maoists killed so far, State-wise; and

(e) the total number of Maoists killed and apprehended in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI AJAY MAKEN): (a) The State Governments take appropriate action against the naxalites. The Central Government supplements their efforts to deal with naxalites in the States *inter-alia* by providing Central paramilitary forces (CPMFs) depending upon their availability.

(b) Maoists obtain most of their arms & ammunition by looting from the Security Forces. Most of the explosives are clandestinely obtained from the explosive, dumps of mining companies. They also manufacture country made weapons locally.

(c) to (e) Details are given in the enclosed Statement.